

1. Identification

Product identifier JARVIS Stunner Loads

Synonyms: Cartridges for tools, blank; Cartridges, power device; power loads.

Product Codes: Product codes beginning with 1176

Recommended use JARVIS Model PAS.

Recommended restrictions None known

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Company name & Address Sold by: Jarvis Products Corporation
33 Anderson Rd
Middletown, CT 06457

Manufactured by: Vista Outdoor Sales LLC
1 ATK Way
Anoka MN 55303

Telephone 860-347-7271

Fax 860-347-9905

E-mail sales@jarvisproducts.com

Emergency phone number INFOTRAC 1-352-323-3500 (both U.S. and International)

2. Hazard(s) Identification

Physical hazards Explosives Division 1.4

Health hazards Acute Toxicity (inhalation) Category 2
Skin Sensitization Category 1A
Carcinogenicity Category 2
Reproductive Toxicity Category 1A
Specific Target Organ Toxicity, Repeat Exposure Category 2

OSHA defined hazards None known

Label elements

Hazard symbol



Signal Word DANGER

Hazard Statement Fire or projection hazard. Suspected of causing cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Precautionary statement

Prevention Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat. No smoking. Do not subject to shock. Wear eye protection. Do not breathe fumes.

Standard Stunner Loads

Response	If exposed, concerned or you feel unwell: Get medical attention. In case of fire: Evacuate area. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.
Storage	Store in accordance with applicable fire codes. Keep only in original packaging.
Disposal	Dispose of powerload in accordance with local regulations.

Other information The hazardous components of this product are encased and are not biologically available. Therefore, some health hazards do not apply to the overall product. Decomposition products, including lead containing compounds, are released during the firing of cartridges. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not attempt to open or dissect a stunner cartridge, as it may explode causing projectiles dangerous to the eyes, skin and body.

3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

Chemical Name	CAS Number	%
Nitrocellulose	9004-70-0	28
Nitroglycerin	55-63-0	11.76
Ethyl Centralite (diethyldiphenylurea)	85-98-3	2.8
Rosin	8050-09-7	1.4
Lead Styphnate	15245-44-0	0.85

Composition Comments All concentrations are in percent by weight.

4. First Aid Measures

Inhalation	Remove to fresh air. If symptoms occur, get medical attention.
Skin contact	Wash exposed skin with plenty of soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation or other symptoms occur.
Eye contact	Do not rub eyes. Flush eyes with plenty of water. If eye irritation develops and persists, get medical attention.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. If symptoms develop get medical attention.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Fragments from fired powerload can cause physical injury. When powerload is fired or otherwise discharged, dust and/or fumes may be absorbed by the digestive system and can result in both acute and chronic overexposure. Symptoms may include gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. High concentrations of dust and/or fumes may irritate throat and respiratory system and cause coughing. Symptoms of chronic exposure to lead include anemia, visual and hearing disturbances, headache, memory loss, fatigue, muscle weakness, tremors, and convulsions. Ingestion of a complete powerload can cause irritation to the digestive system, and possibly other unknown health effects. Nitroglycerine may cause a drop in blood pressure, headache, cyanosis and mental confusion.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically.

General information

In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved.

5. Fire-Fighting Measures

Suitable extinguishing media	Straight water stream; Water fog; Class A foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	None.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	May ignite if heated to 250°F (121°C) causing projection of metal fragments. Mass explosion will not occur. Hazardous chemical and toxic by-products from chemical decomposition may be formed during fire. These products vary depending on fire conditions and other combustibles present during fire. These may include smoke, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, oxides of nitrogen and lead fumes. Complete ventilation of structure is recommended.
Personal protective equipment	Self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full structural protective clothing should be worn for any fire or exposure to heat. This includes, but is not limited to, protective coat, pants, boots, firefighting gloves, SCBA with facepiece and helmet, protective hood and eye protection. (NFPA 1971)
Fire suppression guidance	Perform a risk assessment before engaging in offensive firefighting operations. Unless life safety risk or significant risk of property loss is present, consider taking defensive posture,

protecting exposures and maintaining safe distance until material is consumed. For further information see the video "Ammunition and the Fire Fighter" by the Sporting Arms and Ammunition Manufacturers' Institute (SAAMI): www.youtube.com/watch?v=3SIOXowwC4c.

Specific methods

Evacuate personnel to a safe area according to pre-determined public protection zones. Refer to pre-incident response and structural plans to determine if potential for involvement of other hazardous materials. Direct water streams at product to reduce projectile hazard from exploding cartridges. After the fire is controlled, heated products can still re-ignite and project pieces of metal posing risk to fire-fighters. Full PPE including respiratory protection should be worn during salvage, overhaul and fire investigation. Do not disturb the involved area until the fire is completely extinguished and the product and packaging are allowed to cool down to ambient temperatures.

6. Accidental Release Measures**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Eliminate all ignition sources. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Damaged stunner cartridges can explode upon contact creating projectiles dangerous to eyes, ears and skin. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Sweep up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Environmental precautions

Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

7. Handling and Storage**Precautions for safe handling**

Projectiles from fired stunner cartridge can cause physical injury. Do not handle until safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not subject to mechanical shock. Remove product from service if any of the following conditions occur: corrosion, physical damage, exposure to oil or spray lubricants. Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation. Do not breathe decomposition products. Lead containing compounds are released during the firing of powerloads. Care should be taken to minimize the potential exposure to lead. Do not taste or swallow. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Conditions for safe storage

Store in original container. Keep container tightly closed. Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place away from all sources of ignition. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection**Occupational exposure limits**

Chemical Name	CAS Number	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	Other Information
Nitrocellulose	9004-70-0	None established	None established	
Nitroglycerin	55-63-0	0.05 ppm *Skin Designation	0.2 ppm 2.0 mg/m ³ *OSHA limit applies to skin	*Air sampling alone is insufficient to accurately quantitate exposure. Measures to prevent significant cutaneous absorption may be required.
Ethyl Centralite (diethyldiphenylurea)	85-98-3	None established	None established	
Rosin	8050-09-7	*None established	*None established	*Exposure by all routes should be carefully controlled to levels as low as possible.
Lead Styphnate	15245-44-0	None established	None established	

Biological limit values

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection	Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).
Skin protection	Wear appropriate protective clothing when cleaning equipment.
Hand protection	Wear protective gloves when cleaning equipment.
Other	
Respiratory protection	Wear appropriate respiratory protection when cleaning equipment.
General hygiene	Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.
Considerations	

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance	Brass Cartridge.
Physical state	Solid.
Form	Cartridge.
Color	Brass.
Odor	None.
Odor threshold	Not available.
pH	Not applicable.
Melting point/freezing point	Not applicable.
Initial boiling point / boiling range	Not applicable.
Flash point	Not applicable.
Evaporation rate	Not applicable.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Fire or projection hazard.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Not applicable.
Vapor pressure	Not applicable.
Vapor density	Not applicable.
Relative density	>1
Solubility(ies)	Not applicable.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	250°F / 121°C
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not applicable.

10. Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity	May explode with friction, impact, heat, and low level electrical current.
Chemical stability	Risk of explosion by shock, friction, fire or other sources of ignition.
Possibility of hazardous Reactions	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
Conditions to avoid	Heat, sparks, and flames. Avoid contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Strong acids, bases, and oxidizers.
Hazardous decomposition Products	Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, oxides of nitrogen, lead fumes.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	Fumes may irritate throat and respiratory system. Prolonged inhalation may cause chronic effects.
Skin contact	Contact with decomposition products may cause skin irritation.
Eye contact	Contact with decomposition products may cause eye irritation.
Ingestion	Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Projectiles from fired powerload can cause puncture wounds. When powerload is fired or otherwise discharged, dust and/or fumes may be absorbed by the digestive system and can result in both acute and chronic overexposure. Symptoms may include gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. High concentrations of dust and/or fumes may irritate throat and respiratory system and cause coughing. Symptoms of chronic exposure to lead include anemia, visual and hearing disturbances, headache, memory loss, fatigue, muscle weakness, tremors, and convulsions. Ingestion of a complete powerload can cause irritation to the digestive system, and possibly other unknown health effects. Nitroglycerine may cause a drop in blood pressure, headache, cyanosis and mental confusion.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Not expected to be acutely toxic under normal conditions of use.

Chemical Name	CAS Number	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Nitroglycerin	55-63-0	685 mg/kg (Rat)	>2000 mg/k (Rat)	(ATE) 0.05 mg/l/4h

Skin corrosion/irritation May cause skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation May cause eye irritation.

Respiratory sensitization No data available.

Skin sensitization Not expected to cause skin sensitization under normal conditions of use.

Germ cell mutagenicity This product or any of its ingredients are not known or reported to be mutagenic.

Carcinogenicity The National Toxicology Program (NTP) considers lead compounds reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.

Chemical Name	CAS Number	ACGIH	IARC	NTP
Lead Styphnate	15245-44-0	Not Listed	Lead compounds - Not classifiable (3)	Lead compounds - Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen

Reproductive toxicity May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure Not classified.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure None known under normal conditions of use.

Aspiration hazard Due to the physical form of the product it is not an aspiration hazard.

Chronic effects Prolonged or repeated exposure to decomposition products may cause chronic effects.

12. Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity Not expected to be hazardous to the aquatic environment in its present form.

Persistence and degradability No data available on product mixture.

Bioaccumulative potential No data available on product mixture.

Mobility in soil No data available on product mixture.

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects known.

13. Disposal Considerations

Disposal instructions

Dispose of in accordance with applicable federal, state, and local regulations. Do not discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

Local disposal regulations

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Waste from residues / unused products

Care must be taken to prevent environmental contamination from the use of this material. The user has the responsibility to dispose of unused material, residues, and containers in compliance with all relevant laws and regulations. Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. Do not discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

Contaminated packaging

Dispose of in accordance with federal, state and local regulations.

14. Transport Information

DOT

UN Number:	UN 0014 or UN 0323
UN Proper Shipping Name:	Cartridges for Tools, Blank or Cartridges, Power Device
Transport Hazard Class(es):	1.4S
Packing Group:	II
Special precautions for user:	This material is a dangerous good for transport. All involved staff must be appropriately trained.
Other information:	Above classification relates to the specific packaging in which this material is supplied by the manufacturer. If the material is repackaged, this classification may no longer be relevant.

IATA

UN Number:	UN 0014 or UN 0323
UN Proper Shipping Name:	Cartridges for Tools, Blank or Cartridges, Power Device
Transport Hazard Class(es):	1.4S
Packing Group:	II
Special precautions for user:	This material is a dangerous good for transport. All involved staff must be appropriately trained.
Other information:	Above classification relates to the specific packaging in which this material is supplied by the manufacturer. If the material is repackaged, this classification may no longer be relevant.

IMDG

UN Number:	UN 0014 or UN 0323
UN Proper Shipping Name:	Cartridges for Tools, Blank or Cartridges, Power Device
Transport Hazard Class(es):	1.4S
Packing Group:	II
Special precautions for user:	This material is a dangerous good for transport. All involved staff must be appropriately trained.
Other information:	Above classification relates to the specific packaging in which this material is supplied by the manufacturer. If the material is repackaged, this classification may no longer be relevant.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code Not applicable.

15. Regulatory Information

US federal regulations

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Nitroglycerine (10 lbs)

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories	Immediate Hazard - No
	Delayed Hazard - Yes
	Fire Hazard - No

Pressure Hazard - Yes
Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical

Yes

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Nitroglycerin (55-63-0)

US state regulations

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Nitrocellulose (9004-70-0); Nitroglycerin (55-63-0); Lead styphnate (15245-44-0)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Nitrocellulose (9004-70-0); Nitroglycerin (55-63-0); Lead styphnate (15245-44-0)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Nitrocellulose (9004-70-0); Nitroglycerin (55-63-0)

US. Rhode Island RTK

Nitroglycerin (55-63-0)

US. California Proposition 65

California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): This product contains a chemical known to the state of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive harm.

Toxic Substance Control Act

Components of this product are listed on the United States & Puerto Rico Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory.

16. Other Information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 01/25/2016

Revision date N/A

Version # Rev 1

Disclaimer

The information in this safety data sheet should be provided to all who will use, handle, store, transport, or otherwise be exposed to this product. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available and is believed to be reliable and up to date as of the date of publication, but no warranty is expressed or implied. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use.